

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER  
QUALITY AUTHORITY  
Arapahoe and Douglas Counties, Colorado**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND  
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors  
Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority  
Arapahoe and Douglas Counties, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority (the Authority) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and the pollution abatement fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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**Fiscal Focus Partners, LLC**

## **Other Matters**

### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages III through IX be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information on pages III through IX in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### *Other Information*

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

*Fiscal Focus Partners, LLC*

Greenwood Village, Colorado  
June 10, 2020

## CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority (the Authority), we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

### Financial Highlights

- Assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$4,940,653 at the close of the fiscal year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Authority's governmental funds reported an ending net position of \$3,004,794.
- Total net position increased by \$960,760.
- Total cash and investments increased by \$1,064,941 as compared to the prior year.
- Property tax revenue increased by \$142,241 as compared to the prior year.
- General government expenses decreased by \$137,842 as compared to the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the governmental funds was \$970,065.

### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Authority's assets, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the three reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

## **CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental fund and governmental activities.

The Authority maintains two governmental funds - the general fund and the pollution abatement fund. Both funds are considered to be major funds.

The Authority adopts an annual appropriated budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for this fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

**Proprietary funds.** The Authority maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Authority uses an enterprise fund to account for its water monitoring activities of the pollution reduction facilities. These services are reported as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water monitoring operations, which is considered to be a major fund of the Authority.

**Notes to financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information concerning the Authority, including a budgetary comparison schedule for the Authority's Water Activity Enterprise Fund and a five-year summary of property taxes.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

***Statement of Net Position***

	Net Position 2019		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Current Assets	\$ 5,446,889	\$ 1,585,859	\$ 7,032,748
Capital Assets	-	350,000	350,000
Total Assets	5,446,889	1,935,859	7,382,748
Current Liabilities	203,194	-	203,194
Total Liabilities	203,194	-	203,194
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,238,901	-	2,238,901
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,238,901	-	2,238,901
Investment in Capital Assets	-	350,000	350,000
Restricted Net Position	2,023,202	-	2,023,202
Unrestricted Net Position	981,592	1,585,859	2,567,451
Total Net Position	\$ 3,004,794	\$ 1,935,859	\$ 4,940,653

	Net Position 2018		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Current Assets	\$ 4,451,735	\$ 1,418,590	\$ 5,870,325
Capital Assets	-	350,000	350,000
Total Assets	4,451,735	1,768,590	6,220,325
Current Liabilities	152,019	5,317	157,336
Total Liabilities	152,019	5,317	157,336
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,083,096	-	2,083,096
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,083,096	-	2,083,096
Investment in Capital Assets	-	350,000	350,000
Restricted Net Position	1,239,463	-	1,239,463
Unrestricted Net Position	977,157	1,413,273	2,390,430
Total Net Position	\$ 2,216,620	\$ 1,763,273	\$ 3,979,893

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator for the Authority's financial position. In the Authority's case, 2019 and 2018 ended with total net position valued at \$4,940,653 and \$3,979,893, respectively, with outstanding liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$2,442,095 and \$2,240,432, respectively. Approximately 95% of the Authority's assets consists of cash and investments and current receivables. The remaining assets primarily represent the current value of the Authority's capital assets less accumulated depreciation.

The Authority's net position increased \$960,760 in 2019 and increased \$739,966 in 2018. As of December 31, 2019, \$1,953,202 of monies designated for pollution abatement projects were unspent.

	2019		Total
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	
Revenue			
Program Revenue:			
Charges for Services	\$ -	\$ 458,431	\$ 458,431
General Revenue:			
Property Taxes	2,064,531	-	2,064,531
Specific Ownership Taxes	190,142	-	190,142
Net Investment Income	78,737	27,127	105,864
Total Revenue	<u>2,333,410</u>	<u>485,558</u>	<u>2,818,968</u>
Expenses			
General Government	1,836,571	-	1,836,571
Water Activities	-	21,637	21,637
Total Expenses	<u>1,836,571</u>	<u>21,637</u>	<u>1,858,208</u>
Excess Revenue Over Expenses	<u>496,839</u>	<u>463,921</u>	<u>960,760</u>
Transfers In (Out)	<u>291,335</u>	<u>(291,335)</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in Net Position	788,174	172,586	960,760
Net Position - Beginning	<u>2,216,620</u>	<u>1,763,273</u>	<u>3,979,893</u>
Net position - Ending	<u>\$ 3,004,794</u>	<u>\$ 1,935,859</u>	<u>\$ 4,940,653</u>

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

	2018		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Revenue			
Program Revenue:			
Charges for Services	\$ -	\$ 560,574	\$ 560,574
General Revenue:			
Property Taxes	1,922,290	-	1,922,290
Specific Ownership Taxes	177,445	-	177,445
Net Investment Income	52,313	23,376	75,689
Total Revenue	<u>2,152,048</u>	<u>583,950</u>	<u>2,735,998</u>
Expenses			
General Government	1,986,332	-	1,986,332
Water Activities	-	9,700	9,700
Total Expenses	<u>1,986,332</u>	<u>9,700</u>	<u>1,996,032</u>
Excess Revenue Over Expenses	<u>165,716</u>	<u>574,250</u>	<u>739,966</u>
Transfers In (Out)	<u>341,409</u>	<u>(341,409)</u>	<u>-</u>
Change in Net Position	507,125	232,841	739,966
Net Position - Beginning	<u>1,709,495</u>	<u>1,530,432</u>	<u>3,239,927</u>
Net Position - Ending	<u><u>\$ 2,216,620</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,763,273</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 3,979,893</u></u>

**Governmental activities.** Governmental activities increased the Authority's net position by \$788,174 in 2019 and \$507,125 in 2018. Key elements of these changes in net position were as follows:

- Property taxes increased \$142,241 (7%) from 2018 to 2019. This increase was due to the increase of the Authority's assessed valuation.
- Net investment income increased \$26,424 (51%) from 2018 to 2019. This increase was due to an increase in average cash and investment balances throughout the year.

**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities increased the Authority's net position by \$172,586 in 2019 and increased by \$232,841 in 2018. Key elements of these changes in net position were as follows:

- Transfers out to other funds decreased by \$50,074 (15%) from 2018 to 2019, which was due to a decrease in revenue.
- Operating revenue decreased \$102,143 (18%) and operating expenses increased \$11,937 (123%). The decrease in operating revenue was due to a decrease in charges for services.

# CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Authority uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the Authority's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Authority's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority's general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,051,592, of which \$970,065 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the Authority's discretion within the parameters established for the fund.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Authorities pollution abatement fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,953,202, which is all restricted for pollution abatement projects.

**Proprietary funds.** The Authority's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary fund at the end of the year amounted to \$1,585,859. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Authority's business-type activities.

## General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the final budgeted revenue of \$2,279,744 and the actual revenue of \$2,332,186 was \$52,442. Actual expenditures of \$923,438, not including transfers to other funds, were below the final budgeted expenditures of \$1,217,946 by \$294,508.

## Capital Assets

The Authority added no capital assets during 2019.

## Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority had no outstanding long-term obligations.

## Next Year's Budgets and Rates

**Government funds.** The 2020 budget reflects an increase in levied property tax revenue of \$155,805. General fund expenditures are expected to decrease in 2020. The decrease is due to the reduction of watershed management, sampling and analysis programs, and special project expenditures. Pollution Abatement fund expenditures are expected to increase in 2020 due to various reservoir and stream reclamation projects anticipated to be undertaken in 2020.

**Proprietary funds.** The Authority is expecting an increase in fee collections in 2020. Per the 2020 budget, expenditures are also expected to increase. The increase is due to increases in equipment, tributary planning and contingent expenditures.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS**

**Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority  
c/o CliftonLarsonAllen LLP  
8390 E. Crescent Parkway, Suite 300  
Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111

## **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY**  
**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,111,083	\$ 1,523,168	\$ 2,634,251
Cash and Investments - Restricted	2,068,680	-	2,068,680
Accounts Receivable	-	62,691	62,691
Receivable - County	16,698	-	16,698
Property Tax Receivable	2,238,901	-	2,238,901
Prepaid Expenses	11,527	-	11,527
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	-	350,000	350,000
Total Assets	5,446,889	1,935,859	7,382,748
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Accounts Payable	203,194	-	203,194
Total Liabilities	203,194	-	203,194
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b>			
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	2,238,901	-	2,238,901
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,238,901	-	2,238,901
<b>NET POSITION</b>			
Investment in Capital Assets	-	350,000	350,000
Restricted:			
Emergencies - TABOR	70,000	-	70,000
Pollution Abatement	1,953,202	-	1,953,202
Unrestricted	981,592	1,585,859	2,567,451
Total Net Position	\$ 3,004,794	\$ 1,935,859	\$ 4,940,653

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES  
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Program Revenues			Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$ 1,836,571	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,836,571)	\$ -	\$ (1,836,571)
Business-Type Activities:							
Water Activities	21,637	458,431	-	-	-	436,794	436,794
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 1,858,208</u>	<u>\$ 458,431</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	(1,836,571)	436,794	(1,399,777)
<b>GENERAL REVENUES</b>							
Property Taxes					2,064,531	-	2,064,531
Specific Ownership Tax					190,142	-	190,142
Net Investment Income					78,737	27,127	105,864
Transfers In (Out)					291,335	(291,335)	-
Total General Revenues					<u>2,624,745</u>	<u>(264,208)</u>	<u>2,360,537</u>
<b>CHANGE IN NET POSITION</b>					788,174	172,586	960,760
Net Position - Beginning of Year					<u>2,216,620</u>	<u>1,763,273</u>	<u>3,979,893</u>
<b>NET POSITION - END OF YEAR</b>					<u>\$ 3,004,794</u>	<u>\$ 1,935,859</u>	<u>\$ 4,940,653</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
BALANCE SHEET  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Pollution Abatement Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,111,083	\$ -	\$ 1,111,083
Cash and Investments - Restricted	70,000	1,998,680	2,068,680
Receivable - County	16,698	-	16,698
Property Tax Receivable	2,238,901	-	2,238,901
Prepaid Expenses	11,527	-	11,527
Total Assets	<u>\$ 3,448,209</u>	<u>\$ 1,998,680</u>	<u>\$ 5,446,889</u>
<b>LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES</b>			
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Accounts Payable	157,716	45,478	203,194
Total Liabilities	<u>157,716</u>	<u>45,478</u>	<u>203,194</u>
<b>DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES</b>			
Deferred Property Tax Revenue	2,238,901	-	2,238,901
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>2,238,901</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,238,901</u>
<b>FUND BALANCE</b>			
Nonspendable	11,527	-	11,527
Restricted For:			
Emergencies	70,000	-	70,000
Pollution Abatement	-	1,953,202	1,953,202
Unassigned	970,065	-	970,065
Total Fund Balance	<u>1,051,592</u>	<u>1,953,202</u>	<u>3,004,794</u>
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 3,448,209</u>	<u>\$ 1,998,680</u>	<u>\$ 5,446,889</u>

There are no reconciling differences between the fund balance of the governmental fund and the net position of governmental activities.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	General Fund	Pollution Abatement Fund	Total
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Property Taxes	\$ 2,064,531	\$ -	\$ 2,064,531
Specific Ownership Taxes	190,142	-	190,142
Net Investment Income	77,513	1,224	78,737
Total Revenues	2,332,186	1,224	2,333,410
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
Accounting	39,349	-	39,349
Audit	6,500	-	6,500
CC Stewardship Partners	22,000	-	22,000
County Treasurer's Fees	30,974	-	30,974
District Management	81,439	214,043	295,482
Dues and Subscriptions	1,801	-	1,801
Employee Salary, Taxes, and Benefits	16,147	10,765	26,912
Insurance	10,725	-	10,725
Legal	61,699	-	61,699
Office/Miscellaneous	6,039	-	6,039
O&M East Boat Ramp	-	4,100	4,100
Pollution Reduction Facilities	-	3,590	3,590
Reservoir	-	77,523	77,523
Stream Reclamation	-	603,112	603,112
TAC Coordination	8,000	-	8,000
WQCC Regulation Hearings	21,095	-	21,095
Website	10,315	-	10,315
Watershed Management	220,116	-	220,116
Monitoring	250,124	-	250,124
Special Projects	137,115	-	137,115
Total Expenditures	923,438	913,133	1,836,571
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>	1,408,748	(911,909)	496,839
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>			
Transfers In (Out)	(1,399,313)	1,690,648	291,335
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,399,313)	1,690,648	291,335
<b>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE</b>	9,435	778,739	788,174
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	1,042,157	1,174,463	2,216,620
<b>FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR</b>	\$ 1,051,592	\$ 1,953,202	\$ 3,004,794

There are no reconciling differences between the change in fund balance of the governmental fund and the change in net position of governmental activities.

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
GENERAL FUND  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –  
BUDGET AND ACTUAL  
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Property Taxes	\$ 2,083,096	\$ 2,064,531	\$ (18,565)
Specific Ownership Tax	166,648	190,142	23,494
Net Investment Income	30,000	77,513	47,513
Total Revenues	<u>2,279,744</u>	<u>2,332,186</u>	<u>52,442</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
General and Administrative:			
Accounting	43,500	39,349	4,151
Audit	6,500	6,500	-
CC Stewardship Partners	27,500	22,000	5,500
County Treasurer's Fees	31,246	30,974	272
District Management	150,000	81,439	68,561
Dues and Subscriptions	1,500	1,801	(301)
Employee Salary, Taxes, and Benefits	-	16,147	(16,147)
I&E Coordination	5,000	-	5,000
Insurance	12,000	10,725	1,275
Legal	65,000	61,699	3,301
Office/Miscellaneous	5,000	6,039	(1,039)
TAC Coordination	10,000	8,000	2,000
WQCC Regulation Hearings	15,000	21,095	(6,095)
Website	5,000	10,315	(5,315)
Total General and Administrative	<u>377,246</u>	<u>316,083</u>	<u>61,163</u>
Watershed Management:			
Annual Report	31,500	31,034	466
Data Management	49,700	45,269	4,431
General Watershed Management	139,500	143,813	(4,313)
Total Watershed Management	<u>220,700</u>	<u>220,116</u>	<u>584</u>
Monitoring and Reporting:			
General Technical Support	60,000	79,068	(19,068)
Monitoring - Reservoir	110,000	79,443	30,557
Monitoring - Watershed	85,000	65,637	19,363
WQ Data Reporting	65,000	25,976	39,024
Total Monitoring and Reporting	<u>320,000</u>	<u>250,124</u>	<u>69,876</u>
Special Projects:			
Studies - RDS Study	20,000	-	20,000
Studies - Reservoir Model Runs	60,000	-	60,000
Studies - Undesignated	220,000	137,115	82,885
Total Special Projects	<u>300,000</u>	<u>137,115</u>	<u>162,885</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>1,217,946</u>	<u>923,438</u>	<u>294,508</u>
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>	1,061,798	1,408,748	346,950
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>			
Transfers In (Out)	(1,367,846)	(1,399,313)	(31,467)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,367,846)</u>	<u>(1,399,313)</u>	<u>(31,467)</u>
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES</b>	(306,048)	9,435	315,483
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	924,942	1,042,157	117,215
<b>FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR</b>	<u>\$ 618,894</u>	<u>\$ 1,051,592</u>	<u>\$ 432,698</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
POLLUTION ABATEMENT FUND  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –  
BUDGET AND ACTUAL  
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Net Investment Income	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,224	\$ 224
Total Revenues	1,000	1,224	224
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
Employee Salary, Taxes, and Benefits	-	10,765	(10,765)
Management / Administration	225,000	214,043	10,957
O&M East Boat Ramp	-	4,100	(4,100)
Stream Corridor Preservation	25,000	-	25,000
Pollution Reduction Facilities:			
PRF - Revegetation	7,000	-	7,000
PRF - Reservoir Destratification	50,000	-	50,000
PRF - Undesignated	90,000	-	90,000
PRF - Weed Control	7,000	3,590	3,410
Reservoir:			
Meterological Station	20,000	-	20,000
O&M - Reservoir Destratification	85,000	47,580	37,420
Reservoir Shoreline Stabilization - General	91,000	394	90,606
Reservoir Shoreline Stabilization - West Shade Shelter	530,000	-	530,000
Utilities - Reservoir Destratification	67,000	29,549	37,451
Stream Reclamation:			
Stream Reclamation - CC 12-Mile Park	-	17,584	(17,584)
Stream Reclamation - CC Scott Road	170,000	170,000	-
Stream Reclamation - CCSP Reach 1	350,000	29,528	320,472
Stream Reclamation - Lone Tree Creek	65,000	-	65,000
Stream Reclamation - McMurdo Gulch	386,000	386,000	-
Total Expenditures	<u>2,168,000</u>	<u>913,133</u>	<u>1,254,867</u>
			-
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>	(2,167,000)	(911,909)	1,255,091
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>			
Transfers In (Out)	1,691,906	1,690,648	(1,258)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>1,691,906</u>	<u>1,690,648</u>	<u>(1,258)</u>
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES</b>	(475,094)	778,739	1,253,833
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>840,861</u>	<u>1,174,463</u>	<u>333,602</u>
<b>FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR</b>	<u>\$ 365,767</u>	<u>\$ 1,953,202</u>	<u>\$ 1,587,435</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY**  
**STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION**  
**PROPRIETARY FUND**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2019**  
(WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018)

	Water Activity Fund 2019	Water Activity Fund 2018
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,523,168	\$ 1,293,958
Accounts Receivable	62,691	124,632
Total Current Assets	1,585,859	1,418,590
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	350,000	350,000
Total Capital Assets	350,000	350,000
Total Assets	1,935,859	1,768,590
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	-	5,317
Total Liabilities	-	5,317
<b>NET POSITION</b>		
Investment in Capital Assets	350,000	350,000
Unrestricted	1,585,859	1,413,273
Total Net Position	\$ 1,935,859	\$ 1,763,273

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
 PROPRIETARY FUND  
 STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION  
 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019  
 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018)**

	<u>Water Activity Fund 2019</u>	<u>Water Activity Fund 2018</u>
<b>OPERATING REVENUES</b>		
Recreation Fees	\$ 197,325	\$ 214,883
Building Permit Fees	150,681	236,251
Wastewater Surcharges	<u>110,425</u>	<u>109,440</u>
Total Operating Revenues	458,431	560,574
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES</b>		
I&E - Coordination	-	3,225
Equipment	<u>21,637</u>	<u>6,475</u>
Total Operating Expenses	<u>21,637</u>	<u>9,700</u>
<b>OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)</b>	436,794	550,874
<b>NON-OPERATING REVENUES</b>		
Net Investment Income	<u>27,127</u>	<u>23,376</u>
Total Non-Operating Revenues	<u>27,127</u>	<u>23,376</u>
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES</b>		
Transfers In (Out)	<u>(291,335)</u>	<u>(341,409)</u>
Total Other Financing Sources	<u>(291,335)</u>	<u>(341,409)</u>
<b>CHANGE IN NET POSITION</b>	172,586	232,841
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year	<u>1,763,273</u>	<u>1,530,432</u>
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION - END OF YEAR</b>	<u><u>\$ 1,935,859</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,763,273</u></u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
 PROPRIETARY FUND  
 STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS  
 YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019  
 (WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018)**

	<u>Water Activity Fund 2019</u>	<u>Water Activity Fund 2018</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Receipts from Customers	\$ 520,372	\$ 545,639
Payments to Suppliers	<u>(26,954)</u>	<u>(10,397)</u>
Net Cash Provided (Required) by Operating Activities	<u>493,418</u>	<u>535,242</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Transfers to Pollution Abatement Fund	(291,335)	(341,409)
Interest Received	<u>27,127</u>	<u>23,376</u>
Net Cash Provided (Required) by Investing Activities	<u>(264,208)</u>	<u>(318,033)</u>
<b>NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	229,210	217,209
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	<u>1,293,958</u>	<u>1,076,749</u>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR</b>	<u>\$ 1,523,168</u>	<u>\$ 1,293,958</u>
<b>RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Income (Loss) from Operations	\$ 436,794	\$ 550,874
Adjustments to Reconcile Income from Operations to Net Cash Flows Provided by Operating Activities:		
Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease	61,941	(14,935)
Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease)	<u>(5,317)</u>	<u>(697)</u>
Net Cash Provided (Required) by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 493,418</u>	<u>\$ 535,242</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

**NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY**

Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority (the Authority) is a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Colorado. Formed on June 16, 1988, the Authority was created by Colorado HB1029 to monitor the water quality in the Cherry Creek Basin and to construct facilities to control the accumulation of pollutants. The Authority receives its funding primarily from property taxes assessed and fees charged by other governmental entities for remittance to the Authority.

The Authority follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The Authority has one employee and most operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The Authority is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the Authority a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

**NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The more significant accounting policies of the Authority are described as follows:

**Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the Authority. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Both statements distinguish between governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the Authority. The difference between the assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources of the Authority is reported as net position.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

**NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual Government and Enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in fund financial statements.

**Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation**

Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Authority. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred.

The Authority reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Authority's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Pollution Abatement Fund is used to account for revenues earned and expenditures incurred in connection with the reduction of pollutants within the Cherry Creek Basin.

The Authority reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Water Activity Fund, an Enterprise Fund, accounts for the water activities that are financed and operated in a manner where the intent of the Authority is that the costs of providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

**NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)**

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for service provided. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses or capital contributions.

**Budgets**

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the Authority's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The Authority's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

**Pooled Cash and Investments**

The Authority follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

**Cash Equivalents**

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Authority considers cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

**Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the Authority's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the Authority.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

**NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Property Taxes (Continued)**

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

**Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. water quality improvements, pollution abatement facilities, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress, and are not included in the investment in capital assets calculation of the Authority's net position.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful life:

Equipment	8 Years
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**Water Rights**

The cost of water rights includes acquisition cost, legal and engineering costs related to the development and augmentation of those rights. Since the rights have a perpetual life, they are not amortized. All other costs, including costs incurred for the protection of those rights, are expensed.

**Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY**  
**NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**DECEMBER 31, 2019**

**NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

**Equity**

**Net Position**

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

**Fund Balance**

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

*Nonspendable Fund Balance* – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

*Restricted Fund Balance* – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

*Committed Fund Balance* – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

*Assigned Fund Balance* – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the Authority's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

**NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 2,634,251
Cash and Investments - Restricted	<u>2,068,680</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u><u>\$ 4,702,931</u></u>

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2019, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 65,571
Investments	<u>4,637,360</u>
Total Cash and Investments	<u><u>\$ 4,702,931</u></u>

**Deposits with Financial Institutions**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2019, the Authority's cash deposits had a bank balance of \$65,601 and a carrying balance of \$65,571.

**Investments**

The Authority has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the Authority follows state statutes regarding investments.

The Authority generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (\*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the Authority is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Authority. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

**NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**Investments (Continued)**

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- \* Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2019, the Authority had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)	Weighted Average Under 60 Days	\$ 3,409,326
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted Average Under 60 days	1,228,034
Total		<u>\$ 4,637,360</u>

**COLOTRUST**

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

**NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)**

**CSAFE**

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds, and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE at net asset value as determined by amortized cost. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

**NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS**

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2019, follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance at December 31, 2019
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>				
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Monitoring Equipment	\$ 40,889	\$ -	\$ 40,889	\$ -
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	40,889	-	40,889	-
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Monitoring Equipment	40,889	-	40,889	-
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	-	-	-	-
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

**NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)**

	Balance at December 31, 2018	Increases	Decreases	Balance at December 31, 2019
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Water Rights and Interest in Real Property	\$ 350,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 350,000
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	<u>\$ 350,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 350,000</u>

The State of Colorado has assumed ownership of the Reservoir Destratification Facility (Facility); however, the Authority retains financial responsibility for operations and maintenance as well as insures the Facility. The Authority also maintains other pollution reduction facilities which are owned by the State but not recorded on the Authority's records.

**NOTE 5 NET POSITION**

The Authority has net position consisting of three components – investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. As of December 31, 2019, the Authority had investment in capital assets as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities
Investment in Capital Assets	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 350,000</u>

The restricted component of net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Authority had a restricted net position at December 31, 2019, as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities
Restricted Net Position:		
Emergencies - TABOR	\$ 70,000	\$ -
Pollution Abatement (See Note 10)	1,953,202	-
Total Restricted Net Position	<u>\$ 2,023,202</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The Authority's unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2019, is \$2,567,451.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
DECEMBER 31, 2019**

**NOTE 6 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS**

**Non-Point Source Pollution Reduction Facility Maintenance Agreement**

On January 12, 2006, the Authority entered into a nonpoint source pollution reduction facility maintenance agreement with the State of Colorado for the use and benefit of the Department of Natural Resources, Division of Parks and Outdoor Recreation (the State).

The purpose of this agreement is to further the ongoing cooperation between the parties with respect to Pollution Reduction Facilities (PRFs) located within the Cherry Creek State Park (CCSP) that, in addition to abating pollution and protecting the quality of the water in the Reservoir, enhance the aesthetic, natural, and recreation values associated with the use of CCSP and promote terrestrial and aquatic life. In particular, this agreement is entered into for the purpose of allocating maintenance responsibilities between the parties with regard to the PRFs and the ancillary facilities within CCSP in a way that encourages the efficient use of public resources, fosters public accountability, and enhances the cooperation between the parties.

Under the terms of this agreement, the Authority shall share maintenance expenditures with the State regarding the specifically identified PRFs; however, all PRFs shall be deemed to be the property of the State.

**Reservoir Destratification Facilities Operation and Maintenance Agreement**

On March 7, 2007, the Authority entered into a reservoir destratification facilities operation and maintenance agreement with the State of Colorado for the use and benefit of the Department of Natural Resources, Division of Parks and Outdoor Recreation (the State).

The purpose of this agreement is to further the ongoing cooperation between the parties with respect to Reservoir Destratification Facilities (Facilities) located within the Cherry Creek State Park (CCSP) that, in addition to abating pollution and protecting the quality of the water in the Reservoir, enhance the aesthetic, natural, and recreation values associated with the use of CCSP and promote terrestrial and aquatic life. In particular, this agreement is entered into for the purpose of furthering and promoting construction, operation, and maintenance of the Facilities in a way that encourages the efficient use of public resources, fosters public accountability, and enhances the cooperation between the parties.

Under the terms of this agreement, the Authority shall be responsible for the design, construction and operation of the Facilities, routine inspections, restorative and rehabilitative maintenance, park visitor information and removal of the Facilities, when and if the Facilities are no longer necessary. The State shall be responsible for routine maintenance and regular inspections of the Facilities. The Facilities shall be deemed to be the property of the State.

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**NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The Authority is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Authority pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, workers compensation, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

**NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS**

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Enterprises, defined as government-owned businesses authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments combined, are excluded from the provisions of TABOR. The Authority's management believes a significant portion of its operations qualifies for this exclusion.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The Authority's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits and qualification as an Enterprise will require judicial interpretation.

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
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**NOTE 9 ESTABLISHMENT OF WATER ACTIVITY ENTERPRISE**

On February 15, 2001, the Authority established the Cherry Creek Basin Water Activity Enterprise (the Enterprise). Under the Enterprise Act of the Colorado Revised Statutes (part 1 of article 45.1 of title 37), water activity enterprises are excluded from the provisions of Article X, Section 20, of the Colorado State Constitution (the TABOR amendment). The Enterprise will be wholly owned by the Authority and not combined with any water activity enterprise owned by another district. The Enterprise may conduct one or more water activities as determined by the governing body (the Authority Board), including, but not limited to, the diversion, storage, carriage, delivery, distribution, collection, and treatment of water. The fund balance of the Capital Projects Fund was transferred to the Enterprise Fund on January 1, 2001.

**NOTE 10 MINIMUM SPENDING REQUIREMENTS**

Colorado Revised Statute 25-8.5-111(3), as amended by Senate Bill 01-066 in 2001, states that the Authority must spend, on an annual basis, a minimum of 60% of revenues collected from fees, tolls, and property tax sources (Revenue) on the construction and maintenance of pollution abatement projects in the Cherry Creek Basin or on payments due on debt incurred entirely for such projects. During 2019, the Authority spent \$913,133 on pollution abatement projects (amounting to 32% of total 2019 revenue).

In 2003, the Board adopted a resolution establishing a restricted reserve fund to be funded on an annual basis in the full amount of any spending deficiency under said Section and into which the Authority transfers, if necessary, on an annual basis sufficient funds to comply with the 60% spending requirement. All monies in the reserve fund can be spent only for the construction and maintenance of pollution abatement projects in the Cherry Creek Basin or for payments due under loans or other debt incurred by the Authority entirely for such projects. All monies in the reserve fund must be spent within five years from the end of the calendar year in which said monies were initially transferred into the fund. As of December 31, 2019, the total amount spent by the Authority on pollution abatement projects was \$1,953,202 less than the total funds designated for such purposes as reflected by the following analysis of the changes in the pollution abatement reserve fund:

Pollution Abatement Reserve Fund Balance -	
December 31, 2018	\$ 1,174,463
60% of Current Year Revenue and Related Interest	1,691,872
Current Year Pollution Abatement Expenditures	<u>(913,133)</u>
Pollution Abatement Reserve Fund Balance -	
December 31, 2019	<u><u>\$ 1,953,202</u></u>

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
WATER ACTIVITY FUND  
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUNDS AVAILABLE –  
BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)  
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
<b>REVENUES</b>			
Recreation Fees	\$ 200,000	\$ 197,325	\$ (2,675)
Building Permit Fees	200,000	150,681	(49,319)
Wastewater Surcharges	120,000	110,425	(9,575)
Net Investment Income	20,000	27,127	7,127
Other Income	100	-	(100)
Total Revenues	<u>540,100</u>	<u>485,558</u>	<u>(54,542)</u>
<b>EXPENDITURES</b>			
Equipment	60,000	21,637	38,363
Contingency	100,000	-	100,000
Total Expenditures	<u>160,000</u>	<u>21,637</u>	<u>138,363</u>
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES</b>	380,100	463,921	83,821
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>			
Transfers In (Out)	(324,060)	(291,335)	32,725
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(324,060)</u>	<u>(291,335)</u>	<u>32,725</u>
<b>EXCESS OF REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES</b>	56,040	172,586	116,546
Funds Available - Beginning of Year	<u>1,269,472</u>	<u>1,413,273</u>	<u>143,801</u>
<b>FUNDS AVAILABLE - END OF YEAR</b>	<u><u>\$ 1,325,512</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,585,859</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 260,347</u></u>

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS (ACTUAL) TO  
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION  
WATER ACTIVITY FUND  
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis (Actual) to Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position:	
Revenues (Budgetary Basis)	<u>\$ 485,558</u>
Total Revenue Per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	<u>485,558</u>
Expenditures (Budgetary Basis)	21,637
Transfers To Other Funds	<u>291,335</u>
Total Expenses Per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	<u>312,972</u>
Change in Net Position Per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	<u><u>\$ 172,586</u></u>

**CHERRY CREEK BASIN WATER QUALITY AUTHORITY  
 FIVE YEAR SUMMARY OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND  
 PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED  
 DECEMBER 31, 2019**

Year Ended December 31,	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy		Mills Levied for General Fund		Total Property Taxes		Percent Collected to Levied
	Arapahoe	Douglas	Arapahoe	Douglas	Levied	Collected <sup>(a)</sup>	
	2015	\$ 1,355,506,785	\$ 1,775,055,739	0.500	0.500	\$ 1,565,281	
2016	1,608,635,437	2,071,753,264	0.449 (1)	0.449	1,652,495	1,646,469	99.64
2017	1,628,470,103	2,124,832,857	0.473 (2)	0.473	1,775,312	1,769,270	99.66
2018	1,867,730,696	2,400,030,110	0.453 (3)	0.453	1,933,296	1,922,290	99.43
2019	1,910,185,632	2,438,656,532	0.479 (4)	0.479	2,083,096	2,064,531	99.11
Estimated for calendar year ending December 31, 2020	\$ 2,185,166,964	\$ 2,779,137,087	0.451 (5)	0.451	\$ 2,238,901		

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year may include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.

- (1) The Authority levied 0.004 mills in Arapahoe and Douglas Counties for collection of abatements related to the General Fund in 2016, and temporarily decreased the mill levy to the General Fund for a TABOR adjustment in 2016 by 0.055 (\$202,421 total) in both counties.
- (2) The Authority levied 0.002 mills in Arapahoe and Douglas Counties for collection of abatements related to the General Fund in 2017, and temporarily decreased the mill levy to the General Fund for a TABOR adjustment in 2017 by 0.029 (\$108,846 total) in both counties.
- (3) The Authority levied 0.002 mills in Arapahoe and Douglas Counties for collection of abatements related to the General Fund in 2018, and temporarily decreased the mill levy to the General Fund for a TABOR adjustment in 2018 by 0.049 (\$209,120 total) in both counties.
- (4) The Authority did not levy any mills in Arapahoe and Douglas Counties for collection of abatements related to the General Fund in 2019, and temporarily decreased the mill levy to the General Fund for a TABOR adjustment in 2019 by 0.021 (\$91,326 total) in both counties.
- (5) The Authority did not levy any mills in Arapahoe and Douglas Counties for collection of abatements related to the General Fund in 2020, and temporarily decreased the mill levy to the General Fund for a TABOR adjustment in 2020 by 0.049 (\$243,251 total) in both counties.